

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

- Speaker-Carl Zeiss Meditec
- Advisory Board-Bausch + Lomb, Santen.
- All relevant relationships have been mitigated

2

Making an Impact

Filling an unmet need

Common conditions

Rare disease

Providing additional options

Novel products

Repurposed molecules

Framework for Development

Orphan drug designation (1983)

<200,000/year Federal grants and contracts to support clinical trials

Tax credits-25% of clinical testing costs (reduced from 50% in 2018)
Exclusive right to market the drug for 7 years from date of marketing approval Maximum flexibility to the design of pivotal trials
More likely to be single arm trials, un-blinded and use surrogate endpoints

Fast Track Designation (1988)

Drugs which fill an unmet clinical need More frequent communication with FDA

Rolling review

Eligible for accelerated approval and priority review

Surrogate measures
2 tiered system-standard (10 months) vs. priority (6 months)

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Framework for Development PDUFA (1992)

Authorized the FDA to collect fees from drug companies-important role in expediting

drug approval process
Is there industry influence when 45% of the FDA's budget is funded through user fees?

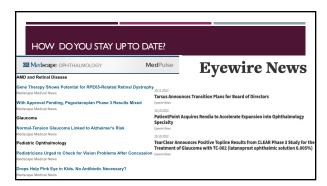
Application fee: \$3,117,218 (2022) + program fee (\$369,413) Either 10 months; or 6 months if granted priority review

When the FDA takes too long or too little time to review a drug- \rightarrow criticism Balance between regulation and efficiency

Remember, the FDA doesn't <u>guarantee</u> safety of a product It ensures that the data presented is credible and ensures benefit with acceptable risks

Balance of safety and efficacy

How do you stay up to date?



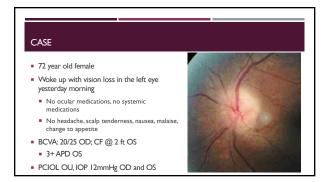
BREAK DOWN

IOP raising agents
IOP lowering agents
Anterior segment
Posterior segment

8

10

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NOWWHAT?

Unilateral disc edema

DDx? First, think "where?"...then "what?"

Optic neuritis

GCA

Medications (i.e. sildenafil, amiodarone)

Compressive, infiltrative optic neuropathy

Neuroretinitis

Impending CRVO

NAION

9

NOWWHAT?

Does this patient need:

I) Emergent laboratory evaluation

Tests?

CBC with differential, CRP, Sed Rate (ESR)

EXECUTE:

EXEC

GIANT CELLARTERITIS

I Idiopathic, multisystem inflammation

Affects medium and large vessels (internal elastic lamina)

Upregulation of IL-6 pathway

Infiltration by T cells, macrophages, histiocytes, plasma cells, multinucleate giant cells

Leads to occlusion and collapse of the vessel lumen = ischemia

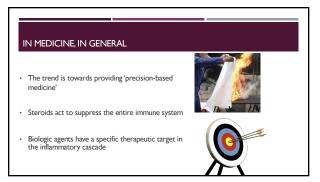
GCA TREATMENT

- Steroids
- Typical initial pulse (methylprednisone 1-2g/day IV)-inpatient
- Then 60-100mg prednisone daily by mouth—may be for 2+ years!
- Need to keep ESR down

WHAT'S THE TROUBLE WITH LONG-TERM STEROIDS?

- · Significant ocular and systemic side effects
 - Cataract
 - · Elevated blood pressure
 - Blood glucose dysfunction
 - Gastrointestinal ulceration
 - Fluid retention
 - Weight gain
 - Osteoporosis
 - · Neuropsychiatric effects including changes in mood

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BIOLOGIC AGENTS

- Bioengineered complexes that alter the expression of components of the immune system

- Include monoclonal antibodies

- Attach to a specific antigen on the surface of an affected cell

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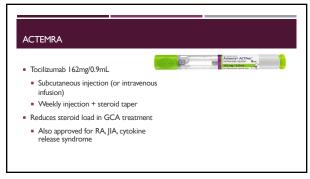
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BIOSIMILARS

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- Analogous to biologics as generic medications are to branded small molecule drugs
- Biologic agents are large molecules (i.e. I 50,000 Daltons vs. netarsudil 453 Da)
- 3D structure is complex!
- Produced from living molecules
- Goal is to be a lower-cost alternative (usually 15-30% of originator biologic)
- But—manufacturing process is more complicated than for generic medications
- Drugs need to be prescribed (cannot be substituted)—requires marketing to physicians

ADVERSE EFFECTS OF TNF ALPHA INHIBITORS

- · Unmasking or induction of multiple sclerosis
- Intermediate uveitis is associated with development of MS
- Reactivation of viral hepatitis, tuberculosis
- · "Lupus-like syndrome"

22

- · Autoantibody formation
- · Possible increased risk of lymphoma
 - · Medical vs. systemic disease?

PRIOR TO INITIATION OF THERAPY

- Patients will undergo complete physical examination
 - ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$ Complete blood count with differentiation, complete metabolic panel
 - Purified protein derivative testing (or **Quantiferon gold**) and chest radiograph
 - MRI of brain to rule out demyelinating disease in some cases (intermediate uveitis)

WHILE UNDERGOING THERAPY

- CBC with differential and metabolic panel
 - Monthly for the first three months
 - Then typically, every 2-4 months

23 24

NEW OCULAR STEROIDS

NOT-NEW: INJECTABLE STEROIDS

- Triamcinolone acetonide
 - $\bullet \quad \text{Kenalog (periocular} \text{---sub-Tenon's or subconjunctival)} \\$
 - Off-label for intraocular injection
 - Triesence-preservative-free Kenalog
 - · Used for intravitreal injection

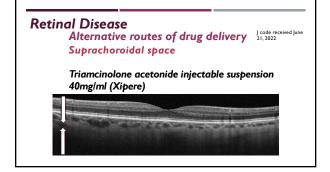










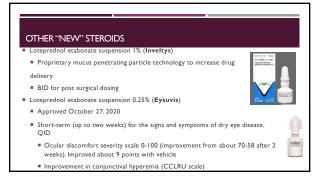


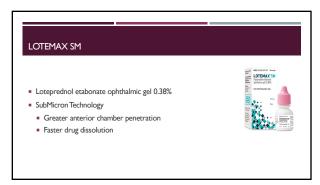
STEROID INSERT

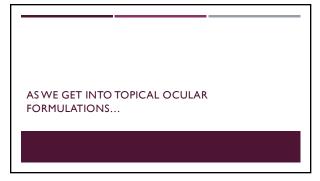
Dextenza (dexamethasone insert 0.4mg)
Intracanalicular insert approved November, 2018
Indicated for the treatment of ocular pain and inflammation following ocular surgery and treatment of ocular itching associated with allergic conjunctivitis

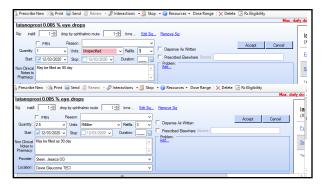
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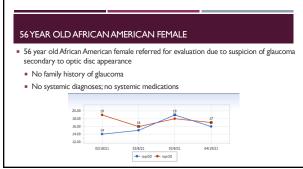


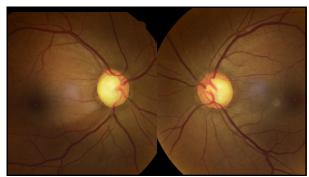


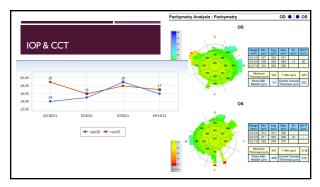


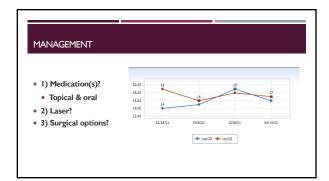


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IOP LOWERING MEDICATION OPTIONS

First line treatment:
Prostaglandin analog
Best adherence at FDA approved dosing

What does 'maximum medical therapy' mean?
Classically:
I) Prostaglandin analog
2-4) CAI
Beta blocker
Rho kinase inhibitor
Pipiocarpine

"NEW" PROSTAGLANDINS

Latanoproste acid + butanediol mononitrate

Butanediol monohydrate releases NO which increases outflow through the trabecular meshwork and Schlemm's canal

Relaxes trabecular beams

Latanoprost ophthalmic emulsion 0.005% (Xelpros)

BAK-free—uses a different preservative: potassium sorbate 0.47%

BAK can decrease goblet cell density

Not available from pharmacies

Uses a "direct pay" method

50 51



Latanoprost Drops

MD. JESSICA STEEN OD

3200 S UNIVERSITY DR

DAVIE, FL 33328

Express Scripts manages the prescription drug benefit for your patient at the request of their plan sponsor. Your patient's prescription benefit requires that we review certian seasests for coverage with the prescriber. You have prescribed as medication for your patient that require than Authorization before benefit coverage of overage of the prescription benefit overage will be determined based on the plan's rules.

SECTION A

Please answer the following questions: (Please fill in the entire circle which corresponds to your answer for each question).

1. What is the indication or diagnosis?

9. Reduction of intracoular pressure in patients with open-angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension. Note: Open-angle glaucoma includes normal-tension glaucoma, which is also referred to as low-tension glaucoma or normal-pressure glaucoma.

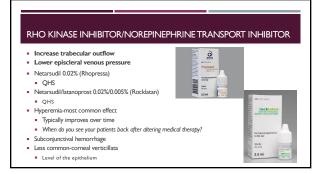
9. Cosmetic conditions for example, eyellah growth)

9. All other indications or diagnoses.



RHO KINASE • Rho kinase family includes proteins which regulate cell shape, motility, proliferation, and apoptosis Regulate smooth muscle contraction in the trabecular meshwork and • May also affect ocular blood blow and retinal ganglion cell survival Role in cardiovascular procedures, corneal procedures ■ Role in development of fibrosis

56



WHERE DO RHOPRESSA & ROCKLATAN FIT IN? • Efficacy is similar to timolol 0.5% (BID) **In clinical trials · Ideally a second line treatment Seems to work better with low/moderate IOP Advantage of once daily dosing vs. other typical second line medication

59 58

OMIDENEPAG ISOPROPYL 0.002% (OMLONTI) Prostanoid EP2 receptor agonist Increased uveoscleral and trabecular outflow Dosed once daily in the evening Does not inhibit adipose tissue formation, does not promote eyelash growth; but can cause pigmentation increase Hyperemia, macular edema (possible in pseudophakic and aphakic eyes) As of November 18, 2021: Complete response letter from the FDA identified deficiencies at To distribute 10, 2021. Complete response teter from the 10A identified depotences of contracted manufacturing sites [une 10, 2022 FDA accepted the resubmitted NDA-PDUFA date November 6, 2022-approved September 23, 2022.

60





Presbyopia

Small aperture = reduced spherical aberration, increased depth of focus

Pilocarpine 1.25% ophthalmic solution (Vuity)
FDA approved October 30, 2021

Currently under investigation:
Phenotolamine 0.75% + olpha adrenergic antagonist (reversal of pharmacological dilation)
Phenotolamine 0.75% + pilocarpine 0.4%
Brimonidine + carbachol
Pilocarpine 0.302% + phenylephrine 0.624% + pheniramine 0.0772%

63 64

PILOCARPINE 1.25% (VUITY)

- Presbyopia is a "prevalent and degenerative eye illness"
- Cholinergic muscarinic agonist indicated for the treatment of presbyopia in adults
- $\hfill \blacksquare$ Constricts the pupil-but maintains some response to light
- Preserved with BAK
- Pilocarpine initially FDA approved in 1974
- pHast technology
- Adjusts to physiological pH of tear film—improves comfort and solubility

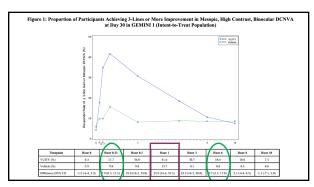
GEMINI I AND GEMINI 2

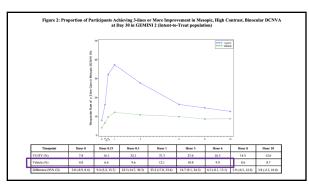
- 750 individuals (40-55 years of age)
- Once daily dosing
- Met endpoints vs. vehicle on day 30 at hour 3 at day 30
- Statistical significant improvement in near vision in mesopic conditions
- 3 lines at near or more in mesopic, high contrast, binocular distance corrected near visual acuity without losing more than 1 line of corrected distance visual acuity
- $\ \ \blacksquare$ Intermediate vision improvement up to 10 hours after instillation
- Most common adverse effects:

66

■ Headache (15%), hyperemia (5%), blurred vision (5%)

65





Presbyopia

69

Soften the lens

Lipoic acid choline ester 1.5% (UNR844)

Reduces disulfide bonds between lens proteins and restore natural ability to accommodate

Anterior Segment

The second secon

FDA approved October 18, 2021

70

Dry Eye Disease

Varenicline solution nasal spray 0.03mg

Activates the trigeminal parasympathetic pathway = increased production of basal tear film

TYRVAYA (VARENICLINE SOLUTION NASAL SPRAY 0.03MG)

- One spray in each nostril twice daily
- Most common adverse reaction:
- Sneezing (82%) of patients
- Cough, throat irritation, nose irritation

Anterior Segment

Demodex blepharitis

Lotilaner ophthalmic solution 0.25% (TP-03) Currently in phase 3 clinical trials

Demodex is more common than we think

Antiparasitic agent

72 73

OXERVATE

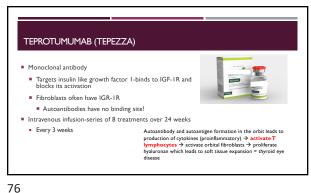
- Cenegermin 0.002% (20mcg/mL)
- Recombinant human nerve growth factor
- FDA approved August, 2019 for the treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
- 6x daily for 8 weeks
- What do you think the most common adverse effect was in the pivotal trial?

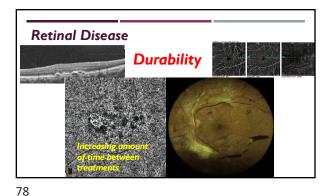
39.1% reported ocular events

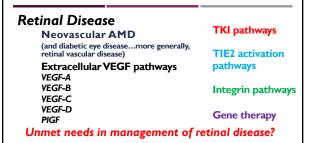


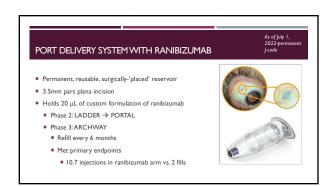
THYROID EYE DISEASE

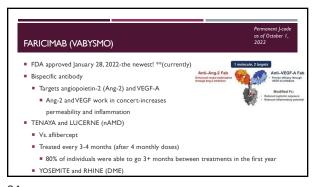
- What types of thyroid disease are most likely to cause Graves disease?
- Autoimmune thyroid disease
- Autoantibody and autoantigen formation in the orbit leads to production of cytokines (proinflammatory) → activate T lymphocytes → activate orbital fibroblasts → proliferate hyaluronan which leads to soft tissue expansion = thyroid eye disease











COST EFFECTIVENESS OF ANTI-VEGF • \$2190 faricimab (6mg/0.05mL)-Vabysmo • \$1850 brolucizumab (6mg/0.05mL)-Beovu • \$1850 aflibercept (2.0mg/0.05mL)-Eylea ■ \$1170 ranibizumab (0.3mg/0.05mL)-Lucentis • \$60 bevacizumab (1.25mg/0.05mL)-Avastin Bevacizumab is a typically the first line anti-VEGF in the USA

WHILE WE'RE SPEAKING ABOUT BEVACIZUMAB

- Bevacizumab-vikg (Lytenava)
- BLA submitted March 31, 2022
- Anticipated approval late 2022 or first quarter 2023
- NORSE 2-superiority trial
- 113 patients received 12 bevacizumab-vikg (monthly)
- 115 patients received 5 ranibizumab injections
- 1, 2, 3, 6, 9)-based on PIER (2008) dosing regiment from the package label
- Who did better?

86

90

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) (2.2) LUCENTIS 0.5 mg (0.05 mL) is recommended to be administered by

Although not as effective, patients may be treated with 3 monthly doses followed by loss frequent dosing with regular assessment. In the nine months after 3 mistal monthly doses, less frequent dosing with 4-5 doses on average is expected to maintain visual earlier while monthly dosing may be expected to result in an additional average 1-2 letter gain. Patients should be assessed to result in an additional average 1-2 letter gain. Patients should be assessed

Ithough not as effective, patients may also be treated with one dose every 3 onths after 4 monthly doses. Compared with continued monthly dosing, ssing every 3 months over the next 9 months will lead to an approximate letter (1-line) loss of visual activit bernefit on average. Patients should be

RETINAL BIOSIMILARS

- The first

87

91

- Ranibizumab-nuna (Byooviz) FDA approved September 17, 2021
- nAMD, macular edema following RVO, and myopic choroidal neovascularization
- Launch July 2022-list price \$1130/vial
- The most recent:
 - Interchangeable biosimilar to Lucentis: ranibizumab-eqrn (Cimerli)
 - Launched! List price: \$1360 for 0.5mg dose

Retinal Disease

Dry age-related macular degeneration

CFH polymorphism increases risk of AMD (complement control protein)

Components of drusen and oxidative stress can trigger complement cascade → apoptosis

Complement over-activation is implicated in pathogenesis of AMD Converted and Converte

Classical, alternative, lectin pathways converge to activate C3 C5 activation can lead to increase VEGF expression by the RPE COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS IN GA

- Geographic atrophy doesn't get better-the goal is to slow progression
- APL-2 (Pegcetacoplan)-C3 inhibitor
- Met phase 2 endpoints (FILLY) in September 2019-slows GA rate of progression in a dose-dependent manner
- Phase 3 trials (DERBY & OAKS)
 - Endpoints met in OAKS, very close in DERBY
 - Pooled data met endpoints
- Slows the growth rate of geographic atrophy
- Fast track designation from FDA (GA)-Unmet clinical need
- Interesting safety signal: increased risk of exudation
- Whatever drives a druse towards GA is the same mechanism that seems to cause GA expansion

COMPLEMENT INHIBITION IN GEOGRAPHIC ATROPHY

- C5 inhibitor
- Zimura (Avacincaptad pegol)
 - Seems to protect mitochondria from oxidative damage
- Phase 3 (GATHERI)-October 28, 2019-met primary endpoints (reduction in growth rate of GA at month 12)
- \blacksquare Also being investigated in Stargardt's disease
- Phase 3 (GATHER2) began June 30, 2020,
- Phase 3 trial for intermediate stage dry AMD to begin late 2022
- Awarded fast-track designation from FDA; expected submission to the FDA early 2023

GEOGRAPHIC ATROPHY

- Elamipretide-subcutaneous injection (daily..)
- Reduces oxidative stress at the level of mitochondria
 - Acts as a mitochondrial protector
 - Did not meet primary endpoints (May 2, 2022)—but enhanced ellipsoid zone preservation on OCT
 - Shows proof of proposed mechanism
- Risuteganib (Luminate)
- Also investigated in DR
- Anti-integrin therapy

All about oxidative stress

GENETHERAPY IN RETINAL DISEASE

- Gene augmentation
- A specific wild-type allele of a gene of interest is inserted using a viral (adenoviral associated) vector.
- Allows expression of 'normal' gene product
- Luxturna (voretigene neparvovec-ryl) FDA approved 2017
- RPE-65 biallelic mutation
- Injected subretinally (performed in an OR)
- AAV-2 vector
- 5 year data recently released

OPTIC & LUNA TRIALS (IXOBEROGENE SOROPARVOVEC)

- September 2018-FDA awarded fast track designation to a gene therapy for exudative AMD
- Aflibercept coding sequence + adenoviral associated vector (ADVM-022)
 - 30 patients
- Coding sequence (cDNA) injected intravitreally
- Replicates in deep retina producing detectable 'aflibercept' protein in vitreous, deep retina, and choroid
- May last up to 2 years
- Durability up to 92 weeks (cohort 1-high dose)
- High dose vs. low dose; 13 day oral steroid vs. 6 week topical ophthalmic steroid
- Phase 2 underway

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BOTTOM LINE

- Therapeutic innovations in eye care are changing the way ocular disease is managed
- Treatment targets and treatment modalities are rapidly evolving
- Ensuring access to the most effective medications in a particular clinical circumstance begins with understanding available options
- The role of regulatory powers, including the FDA is continuing to adapt to environmental circumstances

BOTTOM LINE

- Further developments aim to:
 - Identify new treatment targets
 - Reformulate existing agents
 - Develop alternative routes of administration
 - Increase the amount of time between treatments
 - Reduce cost of treatment
 - Improve patient quality of life

97

THANK YOU!

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