## Carotenoid Levels in Ocular Disease and Systemic Health

Greg A. Caldwell, OD, FAAO
Optometric Education Consultants
Friday, February 25, 2022

#### Disclosures- Greg Caldwell, OD, FAAO

- •• The content of this activity was prepared independently by me Dr. Caldwell
- •• Lectured for: Alcon, Allergan, Aerie, BioTissue, Kala, Maculogix, Optovue, RVL, Heru
- · Advisory Board: Allergan, Sun, Alcon, Maculogix, Dompe, Visus, Eyenovia
- Envolve: PA Medical Director, Credential Committee
- Healthcare Registries Chairman of Advisory Council for Diabetes
- I have no direct financial or proprietary interest in any companies, products or services mentioned in this presentation
  - •• Disclosure: carotenoid Pharmanex scanner owner, Maculogix owner, Optovue OCT and OCT-A owner
- The content and format of this course is presented without commercial bias and does not claim superiority of any commercial product or service
- Optometric Education Consultants Scottsdale, AZ, Orlando, FL, Mackinac Island, MI, Nashville, TN, and Quebec City, Canada - Owner



## Agenda

#### Thanks for the Opportunity

- AMy ocular disease focus to prevention
- Cocular diseases from oxidative stress
- Evidence based medicine proves antioxidant intervention
- A Measuring carotenoids
- A Phospholipid bilayer membrane damage and protection
- @ Partial versus total supplementation
  - \* Inner and outer retina
  - ★ Ocular supplements or full body

## Optometry Recommendation

```
& DHA/EPA
```

- & Lutein
- & Zeaxanthin
- & Lutein/Zeaxantin
- AREDS2
- AREDS2 with anti-VEGF

## Medical Practices

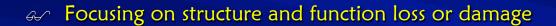
- Allopathic medicine
  - \* Western medicine
- Alternative "homeopathic"
- & Functional
  - \* Medicine of why, treat the cause
- Integrative medicine
  - \* Complementary medicine Eastern complimenting Western

What is integrative medicine?

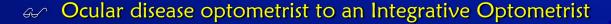
The practice of integrative medicine refers to the **blending of conventional and evidence-based natural and complementary medicines and/or therapies with lifestyle interventions** to deliver holistic, patient-centred care.

## Ocular Disease Career

- A OCT Angiography
- & Visual Fields
- AMD, glaucoma, retinal degenerations, diabetic retinopathy



- Patients asking what about supplements
  - \* Reading about it on internet
- A Promised I would do my due diligence







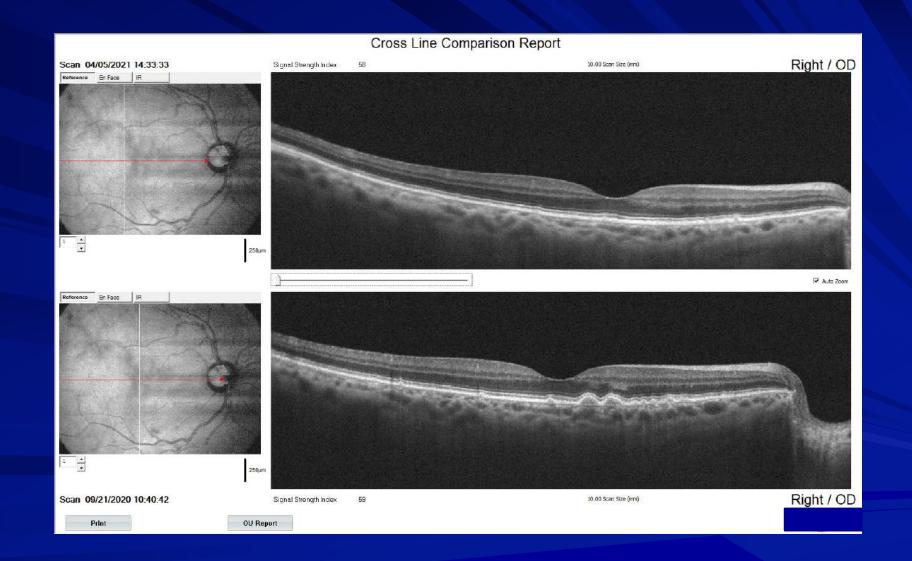




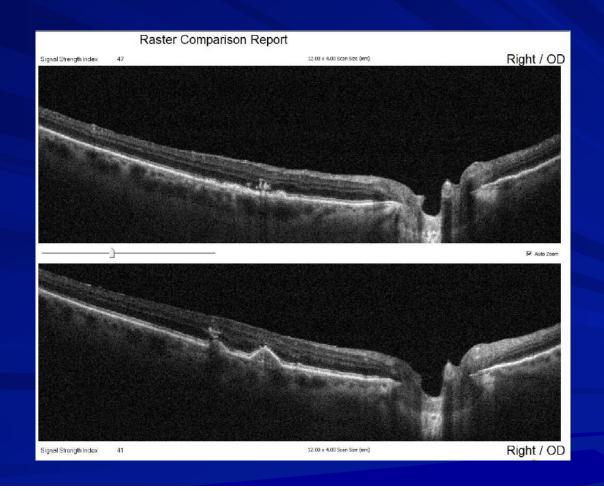
- Oxidative Stress / Inflammation
- Hormonal Balance
- Stress Hormones
- Glucose / Insulin Regulation
- GUT integrity and microbiome diversity
- ★ Immune Balance
- Environmental Exposure/Burden
- Individuality

Credit to: James LaValle, RPh, CCN





## April 27, 2021 – January 26, 2022 (9 months)



## "Choose Your Parents Wisely"

- This just isn't as true as it's used to be
- & Lifetime health
  - \* 8% genetics "Picking your parents wisely"
    - DNA in our nucleus
      - Can't influence
  - **★** 92% epigenetics
    - ☐ Lifestyle choices = we can influence
    - ☐ Turn on/off gene expression

## Biomarker

- **Biomarker**
- & Test that has meaning
- Biological molecule found in blood, other body fluids, or tissues that is a sign of a normal or abnormal process, or of a condition or disease.
- A biomarker may be used to see how well the body responds to a treatment for a disease or condition
- & Blood pressure, heart rate, genetic testing, IOP

## Predictive Biomarker

- Used to identify individuals who are more likely to respond to exposure to a particular medical product or environmental agent
- The response could be a symptomatic benefit, improved survival, or an adverse effect
- A value that we can guide therapy around
  - \* HbAlc
  - **★** C-Reactive Protein
  - **★** Plasma Homocysteine
  - **★** Vitamin D (25-HydroxyD)
  - **★** Omega 3 index
  - \* Carotenoid

## Question

Do you agree that free radical formation is a progressive process that leads to cell damage or death?

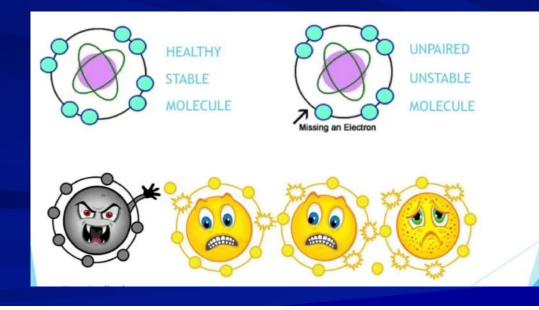
- \* Yes
- \* No

#### Free Radials and Antioxidants



# ANTIOXIDANT FREE RADICAL

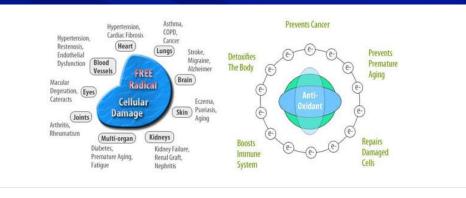
chemically reactive unpaired electron + electron donation: stable electron pair is formed, free radical is neutralised



## Oxidative Stress

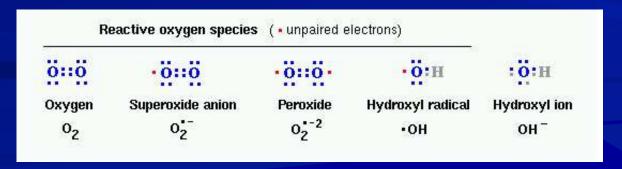
- Small percentage of oxygen is not completely reduced
- Accumulation of free radicals
- A Oxidative damage
- Oxidative stress
- GAT Considered the starting of several diseases
- Responsible for epigenetic alterations
- Mitochondria vulnerable
- A Not going to make this apple new again
  - \* Prevention is the one of the best medicines



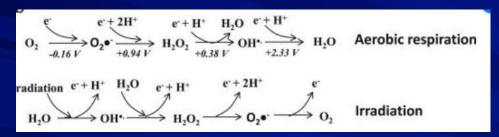


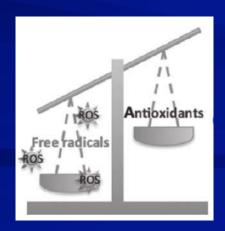
## Free Radicals

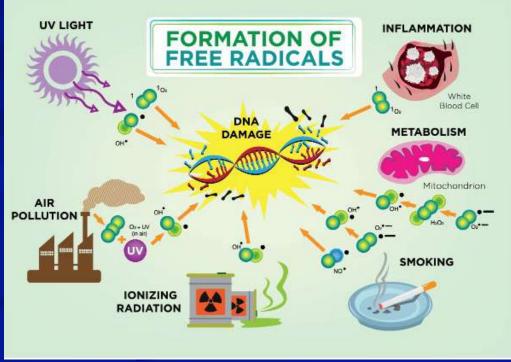
- ← During metabolism the O₂ molecule splits and energy is released
  - \* Endogenous free radical formation
- Regain stability the free single oxygen atom (oxygen free radical) seeks and steals electrons from other molecules
  - **★** Superoxide anion will accept one electron
  - **★** Peroxide will accept two electrons
- Ar These molecules can be proteins, lipids, and DNA
  - \* Proteins (enzymes) kinases, phosphatases, and transcription factors



## Endogenous and Exogenous Free Radial Formation







## Oh no

Alncreasing exogenous free radicals

Less antioxidant protection in our diet

More bad and less good



Is an orange of the 1950's equivalent to 21 of today's oranges?

An orange from the 1950's was full of vitamin A, precious for our sight and our immune defenses. To attain the same amounts today, you would have to consume 21 of them. Onions and potatoes no longer contain any trace of it. The iron content in meat? Divided by 2. Calcium in broccoli? Divided by 4. To ingest the vitamin C contained in an apple from yesteryear, you would have to eat 100 today.

## The Equalizer



## October 23, 2021







October 23, 2021

## M Lounge







## Nutritional Antioxidants

#### & Exogenous antioxidants

\* Tocopherols (E), ascorbic acid (C), carotenoids, ubiquinone, and polyphenols

#### Well know antioxidants

\* Vitamin C, E, Beta-carotene, lutein, zeathanin, selenium, quercetin, and resveratrol

#### A Mechanisms of action;

- \* Neutralize free radicals
- \* Repair oxidized membranes
- ★ Decrease reactive oxygen species
- \* Neutral reactive oxygen species

#### Endogenous and Exogenous Antioxidants

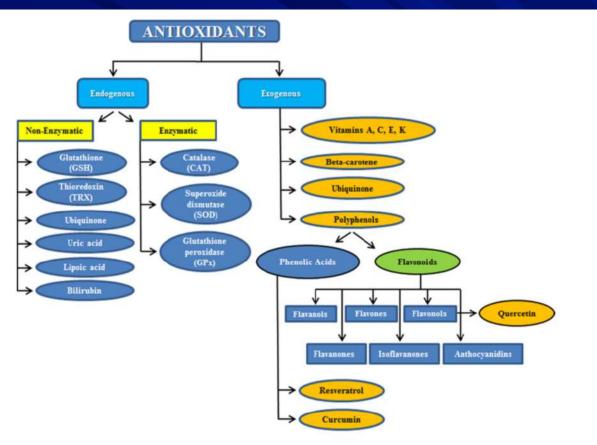


Figure 1: Subdivision between endogenous and exogenous antioxidants.

## Carotenoids

- Organic pigments produced by plants, algae, and bacteria
- Cannot be synthesized by the human body
  - \* Hydrophobic compounds
    - Important for the phospholipid bilayer
- 600 in nature 50 human food chain 15-20 human blood stream
- A Macular carotenoids (L and Z) highest concentration found in the human body
  - \* Diet derived
  - ★ Henle fibers between the inner and outer plexiform layers
  - \* Sequester or absorb blue light

## Question

Do you measure carotenoid levels in your office?

- \* Yes
- \* No

#### Ocular Carotenoid Status in Health and Disease

Click on Tools to to PDF.

Lydia Sauer, Binxing Li, and Paul S. Bernstein

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First published as a Review in Advance on May 15, 2019

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#### Keywords

macular pigment, macular carotenoids, carotenoid supplementation, ocular nutrition, retinal imaging

#### Abstract

Retinal carotenoids are dietary nutrients that uniquely protect the eye from light damage and various retinal pathologies. Their antioxidative properties protect the eye from many retinal diseases, such as age-related macular degeneration. As many retinal diseases are accompanied by low carotenoid levels, accurate noninvasive assessment of carotenoid status can help ophthalmologists identify the patients most likely to benefit from carotenoid supplementation. This review focuses on the different methods available to assess carotenoid status and highlights disease-related changes and potential

Rev. Nutr. 2019 39:95-120. Downloaded from www.annualrev ided by Dartmouth College - Main Library on 01/12/21. For per

#### ASSESSMENT OF CAROTENOIDS

#### Impact of Carotenoid Assessment

Because carotenoids appear to play a key role in retinal diseases, intensive research has resulted in a variety of innovative carotenoid assessment techniques. The breadth of possibilities for assessing retinal carotenoids is often confusing because methodologies, units of measurement, and the presentation of results vary widely. Accurate readings of carotenoid status are important in order to correctly advise individuals with regards to supplementation. Furthermore, in diseases such as macular telangiectasia type 2 (MacTel), the assessment of carotenoids may be crucial to the diagnosis, as reduced MP levels as well as abnormal distributions are among the first signs of the disease. Therefore, the measurement of carotenoids can impact clinical practice, and the evaluation of MP may eventually become an integral part of comprehensive ophthalmological care. The following sections describe and aim to give an organized overview of different MP assessment techniques.

A large variety of methods are used to assess carotenoid status in humans, most of which are focused on the eye, but carotenoids can also be measured in tissue outside of the eye, such as the skin, blood, and the brain. Measurements of ocular carotenoids can be distinguished between subjective (psychophysical) and objective (optical) methods used to assess the amount of MP. In subjective methods, a direct answer from the patient is required, whereas objective measurement methods typically require just enough cooperation to generate an image (73).

Carotenoids in Tissues Other Than the Eye

Carotenoids can be assessed noninvasively in the skin and by high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) of blood and tissue samples. It has been shown that RRS measurements of skin carotenoids show strong correlations (r = 0.7 to 0.9) with carotenoids in biopsies of human skin

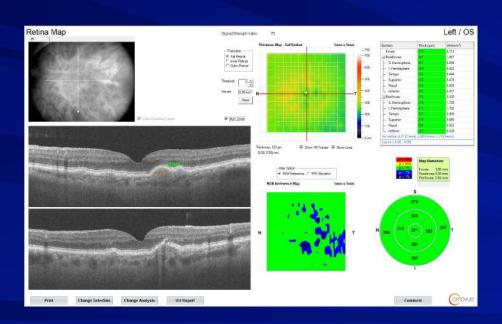
www.annualreviews.org . Ocular Carotennid Status in Health and Disease 103

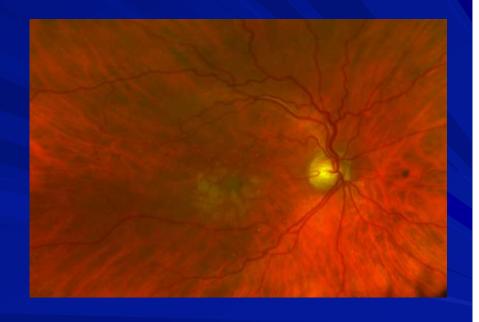
(57, 96). Skin RRS and reflectometry are particularly useful to assess the carotenoid status of children, with skin carotenoid levels strongly associated with fruit and vegetable intake (123). Using HPLC, the carotenoid status in the plasma can also be assessed (77, 104), and higher L levels in the serum of patients have been associated with higher visual function. Similarly, carotenoid assessment in brain tissue suggests that higher carotenoid levels might be beneficial for overall cognitive performance (65, 74).

#### Significance of Carotenoids



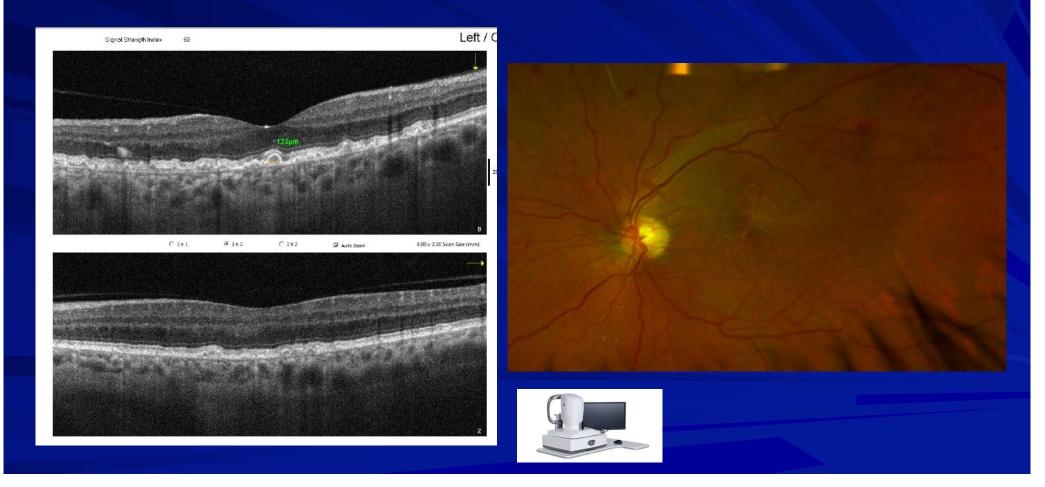
## Oxidative Stress with Your OCT





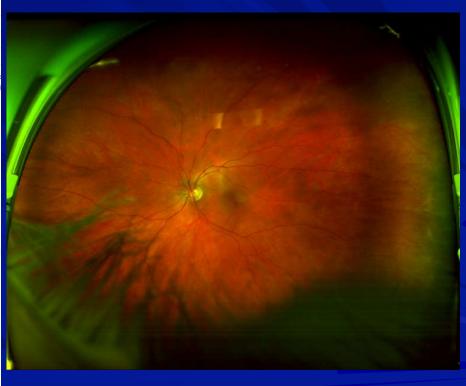


## Oxidative Stress with Your OCT



## Oxidative Stress with Your OCT





### Healthy choriocapillaris, Bruch's, RPE, and Photoreceptors



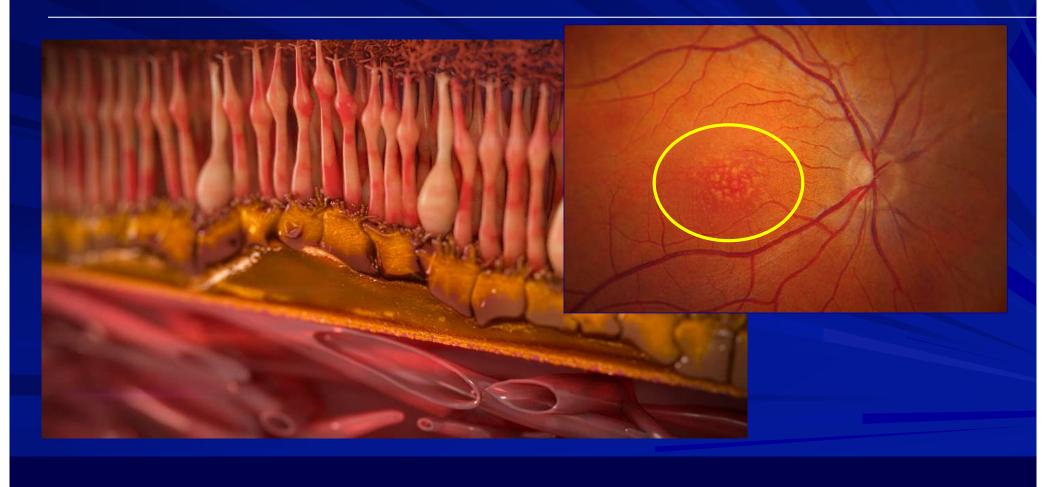
### Cholesterol barrier deposited along Bruch's and RPE

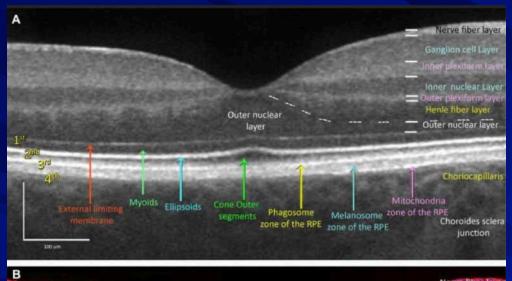


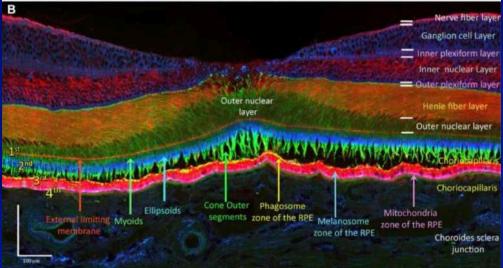
### RPE Secretes even more cholesterol and degenerates



## Finally, visibly evident drusen on fundus evaluation

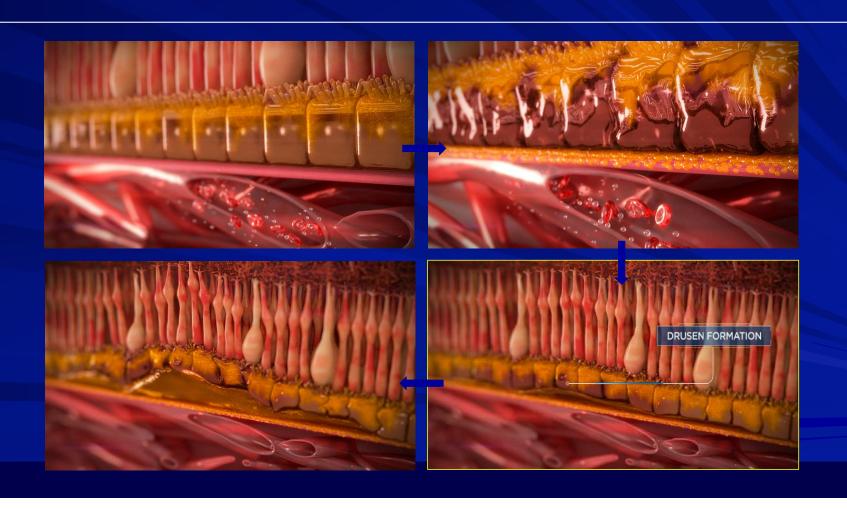








### AMD is a Disease Process that Starts Below the Surface



# **Identify Early Vascular Changes in Diabetic Eyes**

Patients with DM have a larger FAZ than healthy eyes.3

Diabetic Eye
FAZ Area: 0.443mm²

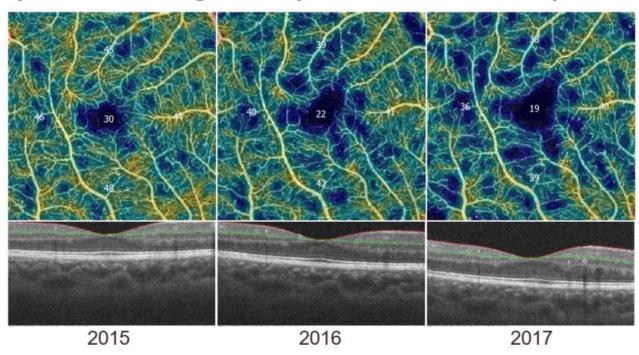
FAZ (mor) 0.443. FYIM (mor) 2.653.

FAZ (mor) 0.142. FZIM (mor) 1.003. (mor) 1.004.

3. Di, G., Weihong, Y., Xiao, Z. et al. Graefes Arch Clin Exp Ophthalmology (2016) 254:873. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00417-015-3143-7 Images courtesy of Julie Rodman, OD, FAAO

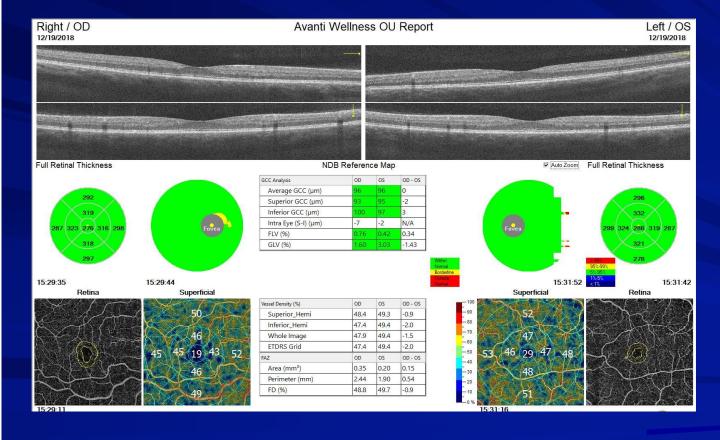
# Assess Disease Progression with Multiscan View

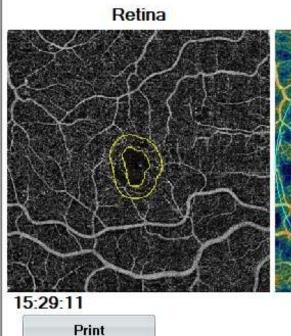
Vessel Density Decreases Significantly with Disease Severity<sup>4</sup>



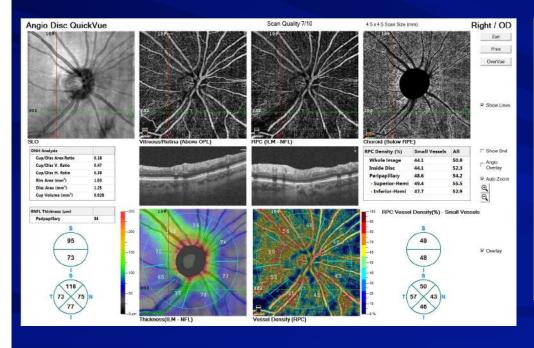
4. Nesper PL, Roberts PK, Onishi AC, et al. Quantifying Microvascular Abnormalities With Increasing Severity of Diabetic Retinopathy Using Optical Coherence Tomography Angiography. Investigative Ophthalmology & Visual Science. 2017;58(6):BIO307-BIO315. doi:10.1167/iovs.17-21787.

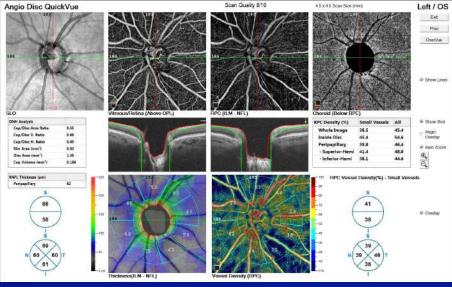
# AngioWellness Report Patient with Diabetes



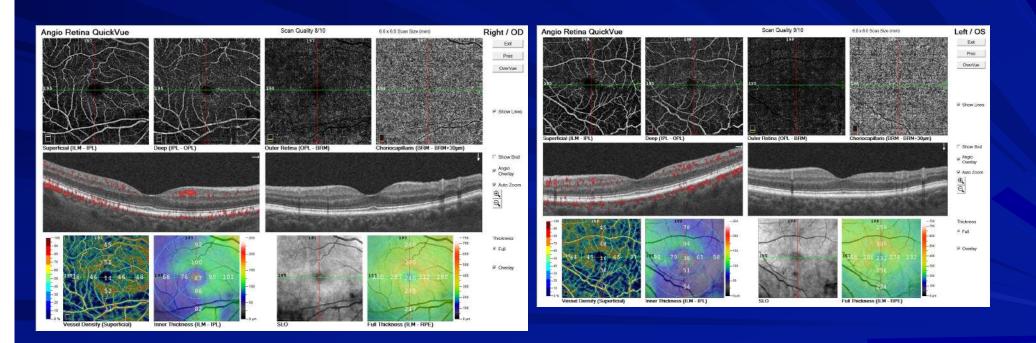


# Angiography and AngioAnalytics of Disc

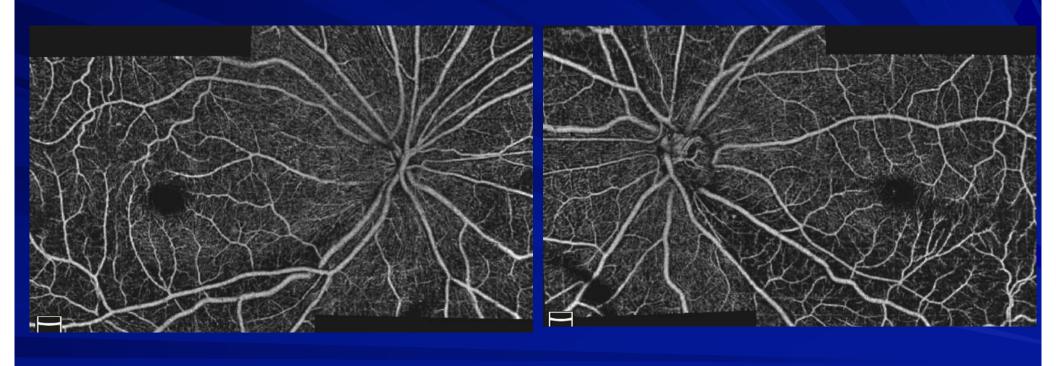




# Angiography and AngioAnalytics of Retina



# Montage OU



Randomized Controlled Trial > Br J Ophthalmol. 2016 Feb;100(2):227-34.

doi: 10.1136/bjophthalmol-2014-306534. Epub 2015 Jun 18.

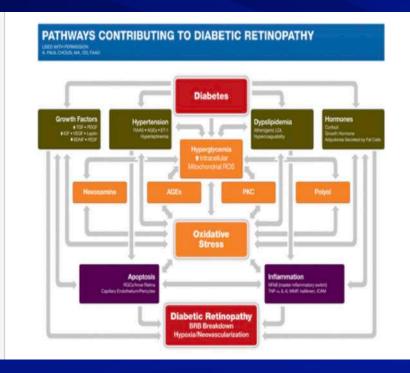
### The Diabetes Visual Function Supplement Study (DiVFuSS)

A Paul Chous 1, Stuart P Richer 2, Jeffry D Gerson 3, Renu A Kowluru 4

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 26089210 PMCID: PMC4752618 DOI: 10.1136/bjophthalmol-2014-306534

Free PMC article



DIVFuSS Constituents	Mitigates DR in animal models	Blocks capillary cell apoptosis	Improves retinal capillary fragility	Reduces VEGF	Reduces oxidative stress	Reduces AGE activity	Reduces Polyol activity	Reduces PKC activity	Reduces NF-Kβ
Alpha-Lipoic Acid									
Benfotiamine									
Vitamins C/E	•								
Curcumin									
Vitamin D3									
DHA/EPA									
Grape Seed Extract									
Resveratrol									
Green Tea Extract									
N-Acetyl Cysteine									
CoQ10									
Zinc	H-ANDS								
Pycnogenol									
Lutein/Zeaxanthin									

DiVFuSS Constituents	Improves visual	Reduces retinal	Improves endothelial	Improves retinal	Reduces HbA1c in	Improves Dyslipi-	Reduces blood	Reduces DPN
CARGORIANIO.	function in humans	edema in humans	dysfunction in humans	blood flow in humans	humans	demia in humans	pressure in humans	symptoms in humans
Alpha-Lipoic Acid								
Benfotiamine								
Vitamins C/E				•				
Curcumin								
Vitamin D3								
DHA/EPA								
Grape Seed Extract								
Resveratrol								
Green Tea Extract								
N-Acetyl Cysteine								
CoQ10								
Zinc								
Pycnogenol								
Lutein/Zeaxanthin								

Note: Suggested improvements marked by • include published evidence in animal and/or cell models, except as specifically noted, but do not reflect grading of that evidence.

Download figure

Review > Nutrients. 2019 Apr 2;11(4):771. doi: 10.3390/nu11040771.

# Nutraceuticals for the Treatment of Diabetic Retinopathy

Maria Grazia Rossino 1, Giovanni Casini 2 3

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 30987058 PMCID: PMC6520779 DOI: 10.3390/nu11040771

Free PMC article

### **Abstract**

Diabetic retinopathy (DR) is one of the most common complications of diabetes mellitus and is characterized by degeneration of retinal neurons and neoangiogenesis, causing a severe threat to vision. Nowadays, the principal treatment options for DR are laser photocoagulation, vitreoretinal surgery, or intravitreal injection of drugs targeting vascular endothelial growth factor. However, these treatments only act at advanced stages of DR, have short term efficacy, and cause side effects. Treatment with nutraceuticals (foods providing medical or health benefits) at early stages of DR may represent a reasonable alternative to act upstream of the disease, preventing its progression. In particular, in vitro and in vivo studies have revealed that a variety of nutraceuticals have significant antioxidant and anti-inflammatory properties that may inhibit the early diabetes-driven molecular mechanisms that induce DR, reducing both the neural and vascular damage typical of DR. Although most studies are limited to animal models and there is the problem of low bioavailability for many nutraceuticals, the use of these compounds may represent a natural alternative method to standard DR treatments.

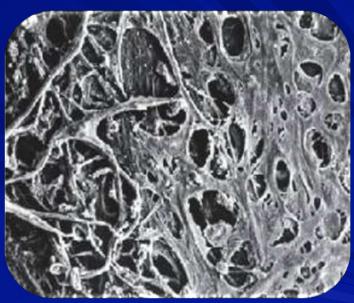
**Keywords:** carotenoids; flavonoids; inflammation; microvascular lesions; neoangiogenesis; oxidative stress; polyphenols; retina; saponins.

# Disease at the TM is responsible for elevated IOP in glaucoma<sup>1,2</sup>

Healthy TM **Normal IOP**  **POAG TM Stiffness Elevated IOP** 



Cellular Damage (eg, Oxidative Stress)



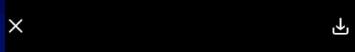
# Glaucoma

PERSPECTIVES ON GLAUCOMA

# Antioxidants enhance ocular perfusion in Open Angle Glaucoma

Harris A, et al. Acta Ophthalmol. 2018;doi:10.1111/aos.13530.

"In agreement with previous findings, our results indicate that the supplementation of certain antioxidants may increase blood supply to the orbit and within retinal capillary beds following 4 weeks administration," the authors wrote. "Our data suggest oral antioxidant supplementation may decrease vascular resistance over a longer period of time than previous trials investigated."





Sissy D. Johns · 2nd 1w · ⑤

The development of atherosclerotic plaque, or atheroma, involves a multistep process:

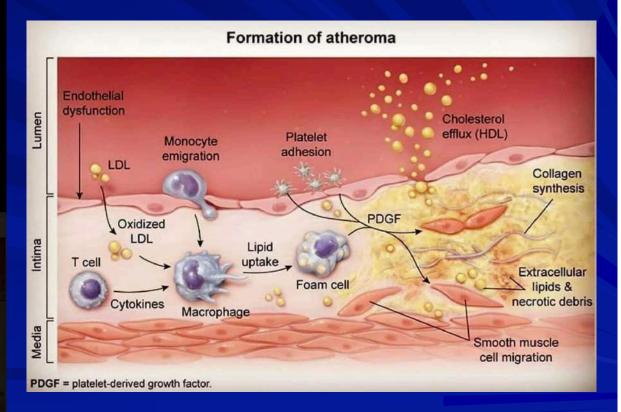
Initially, factors including hyperlipidemia, hypertension, hyperglycemia, and smoking trigger endothelial injury and/ or dysfunction. This leads to increased vascular permeability, enhanced leukocyte adhesion, and a higher propensity for thrombosis.

Lipoproteins (ie, LDL and oxidized LDL) enter the arterial wall intima and begin to accumulate. Monocytes adhere to the endothelial wall

and enter into the intima as well; these cells transform into macrophages and engulf lipid particles to become foam cells. Platelets adhere to the abnormal endothelium and become activated.

Growth factors, namely platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), are released from platelets, activated macrophages, and endothelial cells. This triggers smooth muscle cell (SMC) recruitment from the media and proliferation in the intima.

See less



# Treatments for AMD

- Early detection and meaningful treatments with significant value, do not cure, but have been shown to slow or halt progression. Not limited to early stages but all stages of AMD
  - Prescribe smoking cessation programs
    - Smoking and AMD
      - Depletes serum antioxidants
      - Decreases pigmentary density
      - Increases risk to advanced AMD
  - \* Lifestyle changes
    - 🗓 Diet
    - **Exercise**
  - \* Systemic disease management
    - Cardiovascular disease, DM, obesity, high cholesterol

### A Nutritional supplements

- **★** Sub-clinical/sub-structural or early disease
  - Controversy flourishes
    - No definitive guideline exists
    - Despite consensus evidence suggests using supplements
- \* Intermediate advance disease
  - 1 No controversy on advocating for supplements
- \* AREDS 1
  - Contains Beta-carotene and no lutein or zeaxanthin, no longer recommended
  - 1 Investigated early AMD, no statistically significant benefit
- \* AREDS 2
  - Protocol Recommended for intermediate and advanced AMD, study protocol
- \* The Practical Guide for the Treatment of AMD 3 primary options
  - Macular pigment supplement
    - Carotenoids: lutein, zeaxanthin, meso-zeaxanthin
  - ☐ Carotenoids, antioxidants, zinc, and vitamins C & E
    - AREDS 2
  - Carotenoid macular supplement in subclinical and early AMD. Carotenoid and antioxidant is intermediate and AMD that is progressing

### Treatment for AMD

# Measuring Macular Pigment

- Retina macula biopsy
- & Clinical Imaging
  - \* Subjective
    - ZeaVision MPSII
    - ☐ Guardion Mapcat SF
  - \* Clinical
    - ZeaVision MPR
    - ☐ Zeiss Visucam 200
    - ☐ Spectralis HRA+OCT





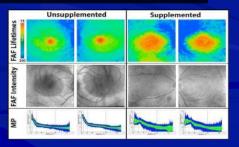




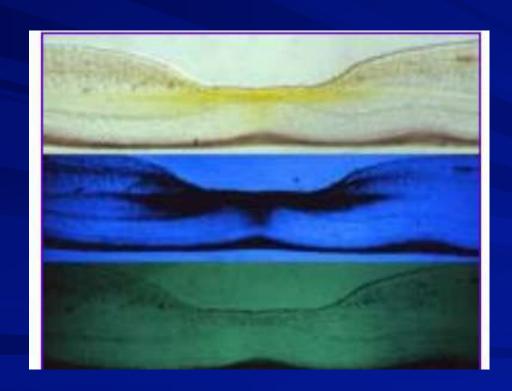


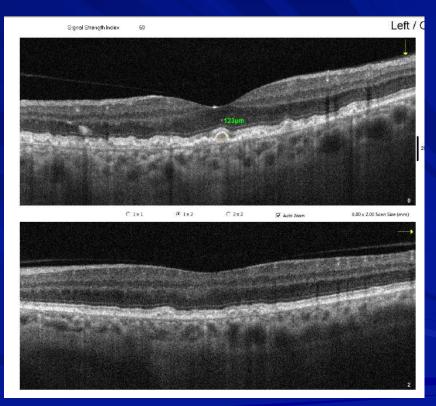






# Macular Pigment





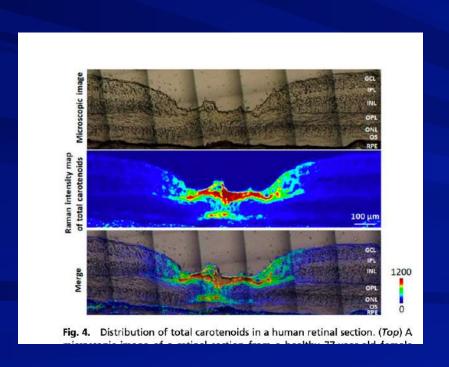


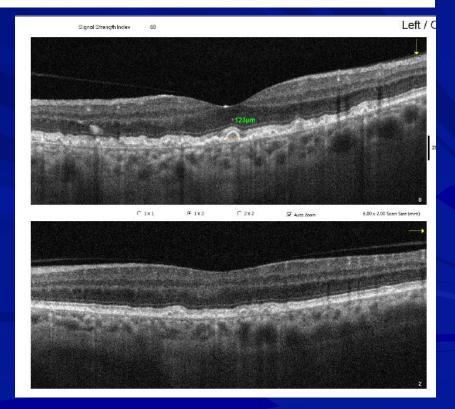


# Imaging lutein and zeaxanthin in the human retina with confocal resonance Raman microscopy

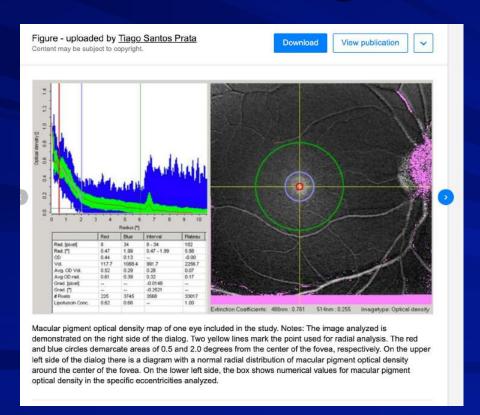
Binxing Li<sup>a</sup>, Evan W. George<sup>a</sup>, Gregory T. Rognon<sup>a</sup>, Aruna Gorusupudi<sup>a</sup>, Arunkumar Ranganathan<sup>a</sup>, Fu-Yen Chang<sup>a</sup>, Linjia Shi<sup>a</sup>, Jeanne M. Frederick<sup>a</sup>, and Paul S. Bernstein<sup>a, 1</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Ophthalmology and Visual Sciences, Moran Eye Center, University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, UT 84132

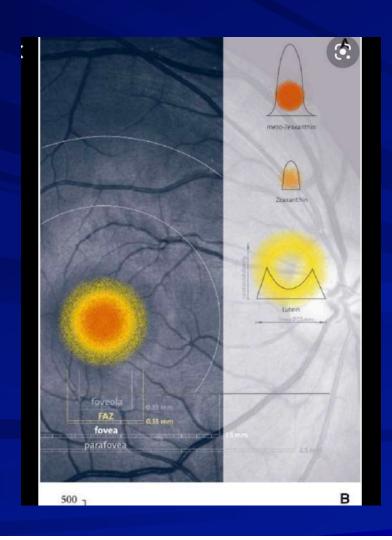


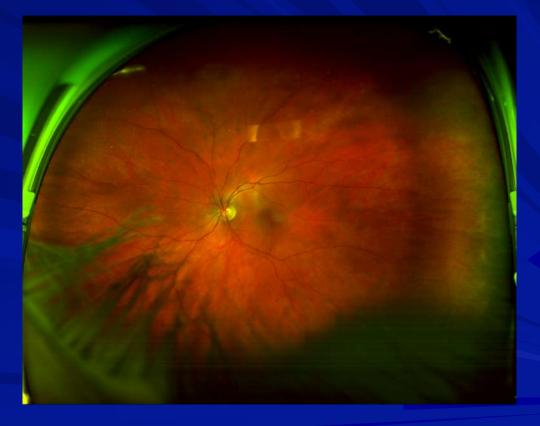


# Macular Pigment and the Retina

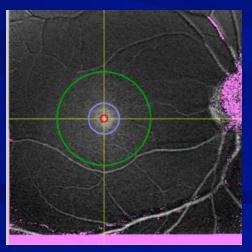




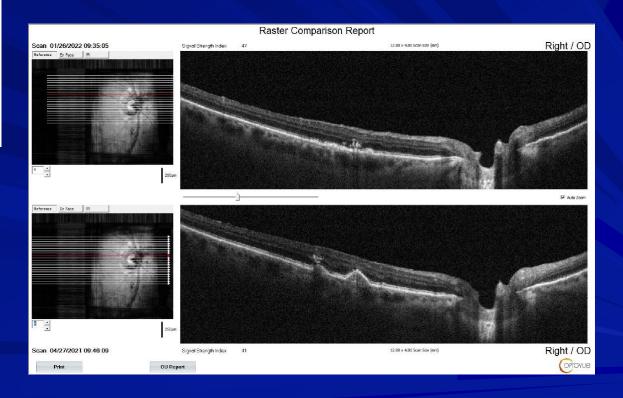




# Fig. 4. Distribution of total carotenoids in a human retinal section. (Top) A



# Macular Pigment



# Question

Do you recommend resveratrol and quercetin antioxidants when treating ocular/retinal conditions?

- \* Yes
- \* No

# Why Are We Only Treating Half the Retina?

Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity

Oxid Med Cell Longev. 2019; 2019: 9783429.

Published online 2019 Feb 12. doi: 10.1155/2019/9783429

PMCID: PMC6390265

PMID: 30891116

### Health Benefits of Polyphenols and Carotenoids in Age-Related Eye Diseases

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Abstract Go to: ₩

Oxidative stress and inflammation play a critical role in the initiation and progression of age-related ocular abnormalities as cataract, glaucoma, diabetic retinopathy, and macular degeneration. Therefore, phytochemicals with proven antioxidant and anti-inflammatory activities, such as carotenoids and polyphenols, could be of benefit in these diseases. We searched PubMed and Web of Science databases for original studies investigating the benefits of different carotenoids and polyphenols in age-related ophthalmic diseases. Our results showed that several polyphenols (such as anthocyanins, Ginkgo biloba, quercetin, and resveratrol) and carotenoids (such as lutein, zeaxanthin, and mezoxanthin) have shown significant preventive and therapeutic benefits against the aforementioned conditions. The involved mechanisms in these findings include mitigating the production of reactive oxygen species, inhibiting the tumor necrosis factor-α and vascular endothelial growth factor pathways, suppressing p53-dependent apoptosis, and suppressing the production of inflammatory markers, such as interleukin- (IL-) 8, IL-6, IL-1a, and endothelial leucocyte adhesion molecule-1. Consumption of products containing these phytochemicals may be protective against these diseases; however, adequate human data are lacking. This review discusses the role and mechanisms of polyphenols and carotenoids and their possible synergistic effects on the prevention and treatment of age-related eye diseases that are induced or augmented by oxidative stress and inflammation.

Oxid Med Cell Longev

# Carotenoids and Polyphenols

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Revie

Oncotarget

Oxidative stress: role of physical exercise and antioxidant nutraceuticals in adulthood and aging

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Keywords: exercise training: nutraceuticals: flavonoids intake; aging: antioxidant supplementation

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Resveratrol can be implied in anti-aging actions by influencing the mitochondrial environment and metabolic diseases, by regulating the levels of some inflammatory mediators and cytokines and by modulating lipolysis [125, 152, 153]. Mitochondrial dysfunction has been proved to be associated with aging and disease development [154], and it was seen

Furthermore, resveratrol maintains the vascular fitness through its antioxidant and anticoagulant activities, and on the other hand is relevant in blocking the formation of new blood vessels, in inhibiting the VEGF release and attenuating Hypoxia-Inducible Factor (HIF-1α) in different tumor cells [163].

It is reported that also auroumin neggogge anti-

### ASSESSMENT OF CAROTENOIDS

### Impact of Carotenoid Assessment

Because carotenoids appear to play a key role in retinal diseases, intensive research has resulted in a variety of innovative carotenoid assessment techniques. The breadth of possibilities for assessing retinal carotenoids is often confusing because methodologies, units of measurement, and the presentation of results vary widely. Accurate readings of carotenoid status are important in order to correctly advise individuals with regards to supplementation. Furthermore, in diseases such as macular telangiectasia type 2 (MacTel), the assessment of carotenoids may be crucial to the diagnosis, as reduced MP levels as well as abnormal distributions are among the first signs of the disease. Therefore, the measurement of carotenoids can impact clinical practice, and the evaluation of MP may eventually become an integral part of comprehensive ophthalmological care. The following sections describe and aim to give an organized overview of different MP assessment techniques.

A large variety of methods are used to assess carotenoid status in humans, most of which are focused on the eye, but carotenoids can also be measured in tissue outside of the eye, such as the <a href="kin, blood">kin, blood</a>, and the brain. Measurements of ocular carotenoids can be distinguished between subjective (psychophysical) and objective (optical) methods used to assess the amount of MP. In subjective methods, a direct answer from the patient is required, whereas objective measurement methods typically require just enough cooperation to generate an image (73).

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### Measuring Carotenoids and the Macular Pigment

### & Biophotonic Scanner

- \* Measures carotenoids
- \* Based on an optical method known as Resonant Raman Spectroscopy (RSS)
  - Used for many years in research laboratories
- \* Skin RRS measurements
  - Noninvasive
  - Objective
  - Reliable methods to assess carotenoid levels
    - Ocular
    - Systemic



# Carotenoid Levels



Scanner correlates to blood and macular pigment

read study

Biomarker of health for diet and lifestyle

\* Yale University

Phospholipid bi-layer

Carotenoids, flavonoids, and polyphenols



### Correlations Between Macular, Skin, and Serum Carotenoids

Christopher D. Conrady, <sup>1</sup> James P. Bell, <sup>1</sup> Brian M. Besch, <sup>1</sup> Aruna Gorusupudi, <sup>1</sup> Kelliann Farnsworth, <sup>1</sup> Igor Ermakov, <sup>2</sup> Mohsen Sharifzadeh, <sup>2</sup> Maia Ermakova, <sup>2</sup> Werner Gellermann, <sup>1,2</sup> and Paul S. Bernstein <sup>1</sup>

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Correspondence: Paul S. Bernstein, Moran Eye Center, University of Utah School of Medicine, 65 Mario Capecchi Drive, Salt Lake City, UT 84132, USA;

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Citation: Conrady CD, Bell JP, Besch BM, et al. Correlations between macular, skin, and serum carotenoids. *Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci.* 2017;58:3616–3627. DOI:10.1167/ ioss.17-21818 Poarosa: Ocular and systemic measurement and imaging of the macular carotenoids lutein and eaexanthin have been employed extensively as potential biomarkers of AMD risk. In this study, we systematically compare dual wavelength retinal autofluorescence imaging (API) of macular pigment with skin resonance Raman spectroscopy (RRS) and serum carotenoid levels in a clinic-based population.

Mirmons. Eighty-eight patients were recruited from retina and general ophthalmology practices from a tertiary referral center and excluded only if they did not have all three modalities tested, had a diagnosis of macular telangicetasia (MacTel) or Stargardt disease, or had poor AFI image quality. Skin, macular, and serum carotenoid levels were measured by RRS, AFI, and HPLC, respectively.

RESULTS. Skin RRS measurements and serum zeaxanthin concentrations correlated most strongly with AFI macular pigment volume under the curve (MPVUC) measurements up to 9' eccentricity relative to MPVUC or rotationally averaged macular pigment optical density (MPOD) measurements at smaller eccentricities. These measurements were reproducible and not significantly affected by cataracts. We also found that these techniques could readily identify subjects taking oral carotenoid-containing supplements.

Coscussions. Larger macular pigment volume AFI and skin RRS measurements are noninvasive, objective, and reliable methods to assess ocular and systemic carotenoid levels. They are an attractive alternative to psychophysical and optical methods that measure MPOD at a limited number of eccentricities. Consequently, skin RRS and MPVUC at 9° are both reasonable biomarkers of macular carotenoid status that could be readily adapted to research and clinical settings.

Keywords: macular pigment, carotenoids, macula



# The New Standard





Quick Test (approx. 30 sec)

Portable

**Cost Effective** 

Remeasure in 60 days

Reassurance to you and patient

# Raman Spectroscopy



478nm PHOTONS ARE EMITTED FROM THE SCANNER

AS 478nm PHOTONS STRIKE CAROTENOIDS IN THE SKIN, THE ARE REFLECTED BACK AS 518nm PHOTONS

# Resonance Raman spectroscopic evaluation of skin carotenoids as a biomarker of carotenoid status for human studies

Susan T. Mayne <sup>a,\*</sup>, Brenda Cartmel <sup>a</sup>, Stephanie Scarmo <sup>a,b</sup>, Lisa Jahns <sup>c</sup>, Igor V. Ermakov <sup>d</sup>, Werner Gellermann <sup>d</sup>



### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Available online xxxx

Keywords: Carotenoids Skin Resonance Raman spectroscopy Beta-carotene Biomarker

### ABSIRA

nvasive method that has been developed to assess carotspectros numan tissues an skin in vivo. Skin carotenoid status has been suggested as au cript describes research done relevant to the devela promising biomarker for human studies. This opment of this biomarker, including its repod sibility, lidity, feasibility for use in field settings, and factors that affect the biomark and adiposity. Recent studies have evaluated the response of the larger to otenoid interventions, both supplement-based and dietary id rait and vegetable (F/V)-enriched diet], demonstrating consistent [e.g., provision of a high-ca response to intervatio. The totality of evidence supports the use of skin carotenoid status as an objective biomarker V intake, although in the cross-sectional setting, diet explains only some of the variation in this biomarker. However, this limitation is also a strength in that skin carotenoids may effectively serve as an integrated biomarker of health, with higher status reflecting greater F/V intake, lack of smoking, and lack of adiposity. Thus, this biomarker holds promise as both a health biomarker and an objective indicator of F/V intake, supporting its further development and utilization for medical and public health purposes.

\*Arch Biochem Biophys. PMC 2014 Nov 15.

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d Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Lake City 12,

### ARVO STUDY

Interrelationships between Macula, Skin and Serum Carotenoids- Paul Bernstein, Werner Gellerman et al ARVO May 2016

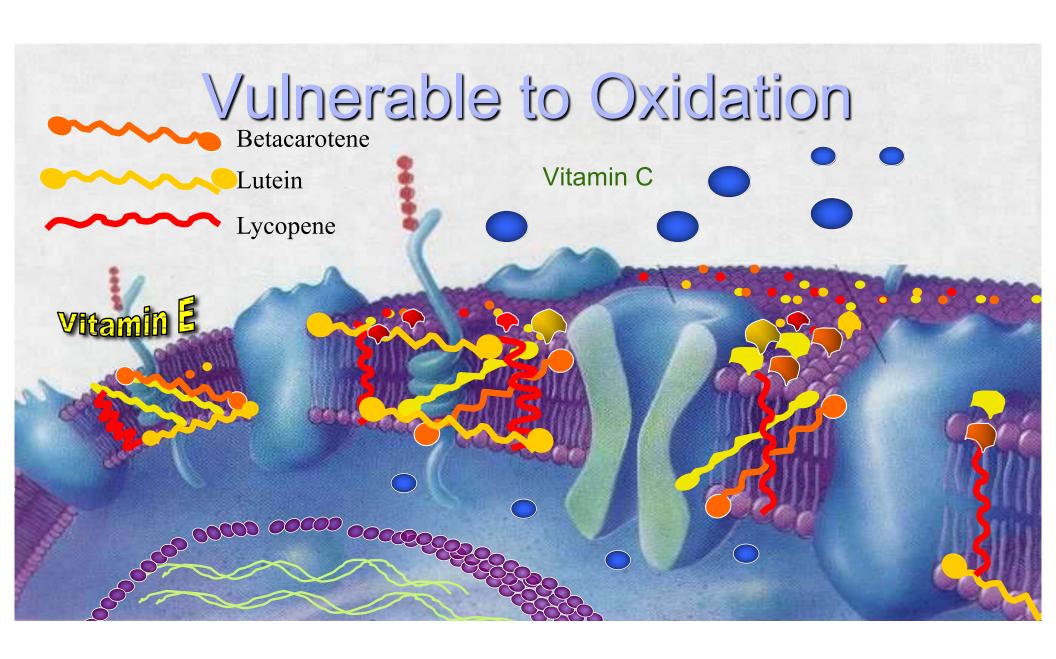
### **Conclusions:**

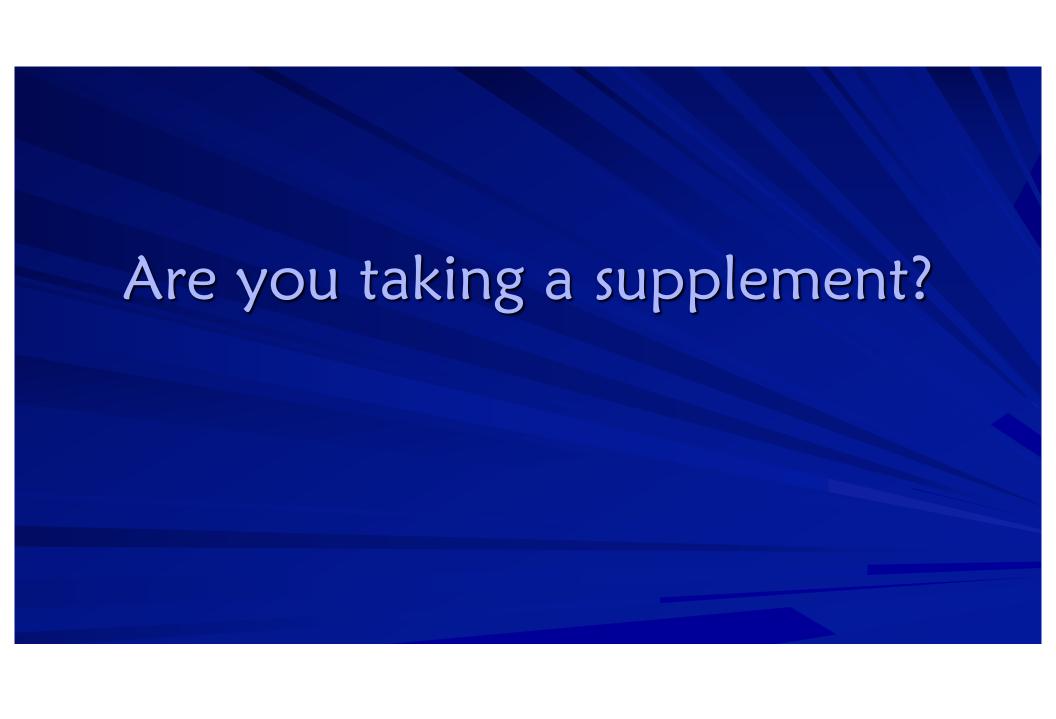
"Our results emphasize the importance of measuring the total amount of carotenoids in the macula region using an objective image based modality such as AFI w Spectralis rather than subjective MPOD."

Skin resonance Raman Spectroscopy of skir carotenoids is a reasonable biomarker of macula carotenoid status. and correlates better than than subjective MPOD tests.



The objective hand scanner is better than the subjective Macuscope, QuantifEYE, and Densitometer for estimating macula pigment.





# 53-year-old man

- Family history of AMD
  - \* Dad with 43 injections for AMD
- A Pre-diabetic with borderline HbA1c

- Passes dark adaptation

# CONGRATULATIONS ON TAKING THE FIRST STEPS TOWARDS OPTIMIZING YOUR SCS

Dea

Recently, on 12/15/2020, you met with me and I scanned the palm of your hand with the BioPhotonic Scanner. Your scan returned a Skin Carotenoid Score (SCS) of 26000.

This score represents the current carotenoid level of your skin. The higher the score, the more carotenoids your body is receiving.



26000

### Ingredients

Ingredients	Amount	% Daily Value
Serving Size: 1 Packet		
Vitamin A (83% as Beta Carotene (1875 mcg RAE) from Blakeslea trispora, and Vitamin A palmitate) (375 mcg RAE)	2250 mcg RAE	250%
Vitamin C (as Calcium Ascorbate)	200 mg	222%
Vitamin D (as Cholecalciferol)	5 mcg (200 IU)	25%
Vitamin E (as D-Alpha-Tocopheryl Acetate, D-Alpha Tocopherol, Tocotrienols)	50.3 mg	335%
Vitamin K (as Phytonadione)	20 mcg	17%
Thiamin (as Thiamine Mononitrate)	3.75 mg	313%
Riboflavin (as Riboflavin)	4.25 mg	327%
Niacin (as Niacinamide)	17.5 mg NE	109%
Vitamin B6 (as Pyridoxine Hydrochloride)	5 mg	294%
Folate	500 mcg DFE (300 mcg folic acid)	125%
Vitamin B12 (as Cyanocobalamin)	15 mcg	625%
Biotin (as Biotin)	75 mcg	250%
Pantothenic Acid (as D-Calcium Pantothenate)	15 mg	300%
Calcium (as Calcium Carbonate, Di-Calcium Malate, Calcium Ascorbate)	250 mg	19%

Calcium (as Calcium Carbonate, Di-Calcium Malate, Calcium Ascorbate)	250 mg	19%
lodine (as Potassium Iodide)	50 mcg	33%
Magnesium (as Magnesium Glycinate, Magnesium Oxide)	125 mg	30%
Zinc (as Zinc Bisglycinate)	7.5 mg	68%
Selenium (as L-Selenomethionine, Sodium Selenite)	70 mcg	127%
Copper (as Copper Bisglycinate)	0.5 mg	56%
Manganese (as Manganese Bisglycinate)	1 mg	43%
Chromium (as Chromium Nicotinate Glycinate)	100mcg	286%
Molybdenum (as Molybdenum Bisglycinate)	37.5 mcg	83%
Polyphenol and Flavonoid Blend	97.5 mg	*
Catechins (from <i>Camellia sinensis</i> Leaf Extract)	(45 mg)	*
Quercetin	(25 mg)	*
Grape Seed Extract (min. 95% Polyphenols)	(12.5 mg)	*
Citrus Bioflavonoids (from Citrus Fruits)	12.5 mg)	*
Resveratrol (from <i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i> root extract)	(2.5 mg)	*
Mixed Tovopherols (Gamma, Delta & Beta Tocopherols)	53 mg	*
Alpha-Lipoic Acid	15 mg	*
Inositol (as Inositol)	5 mg	*
Carotenoid Blend	3.5 mg	*
Lycopene (as Lycopene)	(2.5 mg)	*
Lutein (from Marigold Flower Extract)	(1 mg)	*
Boron (as Boron Citrate)	1.5 mg	*
Vanadium (as Vanadyl Sulfate)	10 mcg	*

OTHER INGREDIENTS: Gelatin, Microcrystalline Cellulose, Crosmarmellose Sodium, Stearic Acid, Magnesium Stearate, Silicon Dioxide, Titanium Dioxide.

CONTAINS: Fish (Cod, Pollack, Haddock, Hake, Cusk, Redfish, Sole, Flounder).

### SUPPLEMENT FACTS

Amount Per Serving		% DV
Total Calories Total Fat Saturated Fat <i>Trans</i> Fat	15 1 g 0 g 0 g	196° 096°
Vitamin D3 (as cholecalcifero() Vitamin K2 (as menaquinone-7)	12.5 mcg (500 IU) 20 mcg	63% 17%
Ultra-pure fish oil concentrate:	1055 mg	- 2
EPA (Eicosapentaenoic acid)	300 mg	**
DHA (Docosahexaenoic acid)	200 mg	**
Citrus Bioflavonoids (including hesperidin and naringin)	100 mg	**
Purple corn (Zea mays L.) cob extract including anthocyanins	66.67 mg	**
Alpha Lipoic Acid	50 mg	**
Quercetin (from Dimorphandra mollis fruit extract)		**
D-Limonene (from Citrus sinensis peel)	25 mg	244
Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis L.) leaf extract including carnosic acid	18.75 mg	
Resveratrol (from Polygonum cuspidatum root)	15 mg	**
Coenzyme Q10	15 mg	**
Lycopene	2.5 mg	**
Lutein (from marigold flower (Targetes erectal)	2 mg	**
Astaxanthin (from Haematococcus pluvialis algae)	0.5 mg	**

OTHER INGREDIENTS: Gelatin, Glycerin, Beeswax, Sunflower Lecithin, Vanillin.

CONTAINS: Fish (anchovies, sardines, mackerel).

# 53-year-old man

# CONGRATULATIONS ON TAKING THE FIRST STEPS TOWARDS OPTIMIZING YOUR SCS

Dear

Recently, on 12/27/2020, you met with me and I scanned the palm of your hand with the BioPhotonic Scanner. Your scan returned a Skin Carotenoid Score (SCS) of 33000.

This score represents the current carotenoid level of your skin. The higher the score, the more carotenoids your body is receiving.



33000

## CONGRATULATIONS ON TAKING THE FIRST STEPS TOWARDS OPTIMIZING YOUR SCS

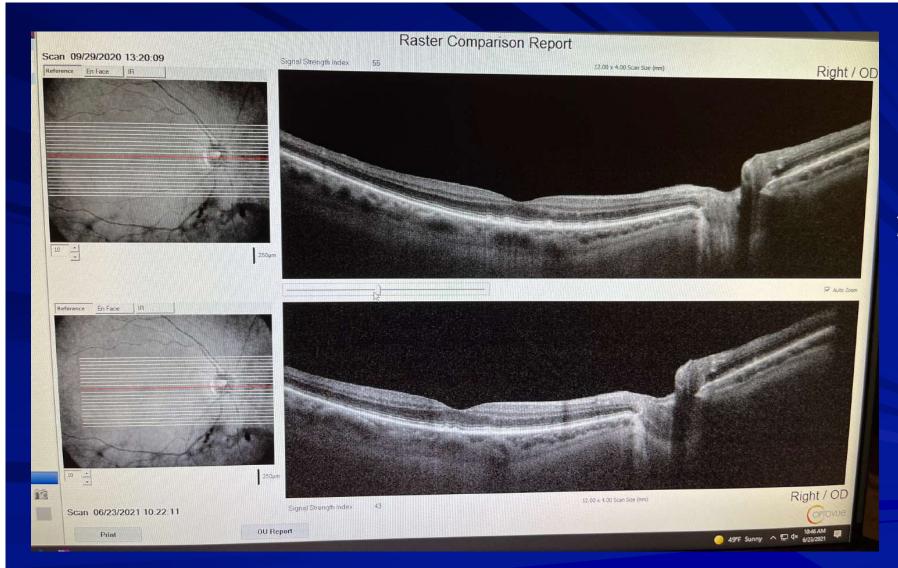
Dear

Recently, on 01/23/2021, you met with me and I scanned the palm of your hand with the BioPhotonic Scanner. Your scan returned a Skin Carotenoid Score (SCS) of 47000.

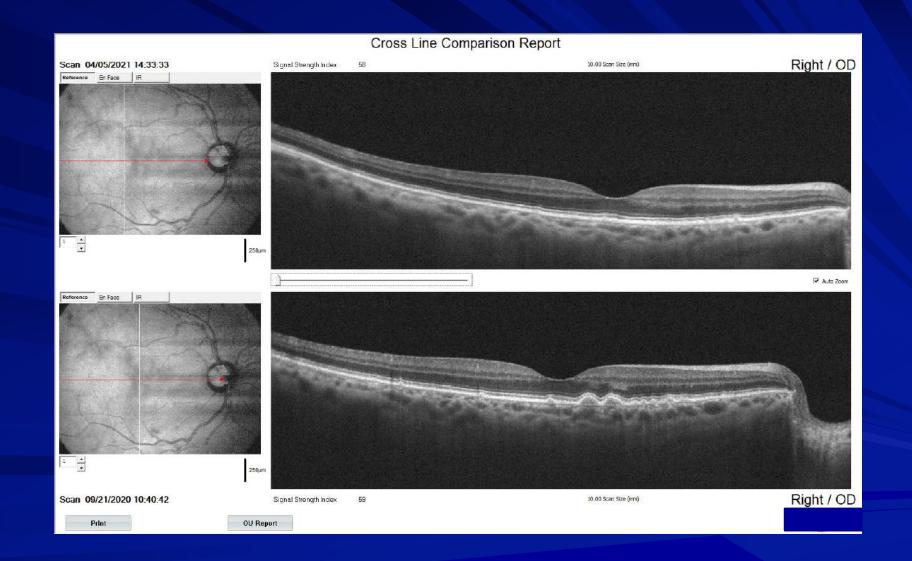
This score represents the current carotenoid level of your skin. The higher the score, the more carotenoids your body is receiving.



47000



N of 3 So Far



# Treat and Extend!

### Comment:

Mr. Barket has exudative AMD in each eye. He is doing well in each eye today with no recurrent CNVM activity. I recommend we treat each eye with Eylea again today and increase our follow-up interval.

The patient has a stable operculated break in the right eye which we will continue to monitor moving forward as well.

We'll see him again in about 11 or 12 weeks and keep you apprised as to his progress. Since this is longer than we have gone before, especially in his left eye, I asked him to keep a close watch on his vision and contact us right away if there is any worsening prior to his next visit.

Sincerely,

Deepam Rusia, M.D., M.B.A.

CC: Julie Lesneski CRNP

Phone: 412-683-5300 800-456-4393 PITTSBURGH 300 Oxford Drive Suite 300

2000 Oxford Drive Suite 670 Cloverleaf Commons 51 Dutilh Road Suite 200

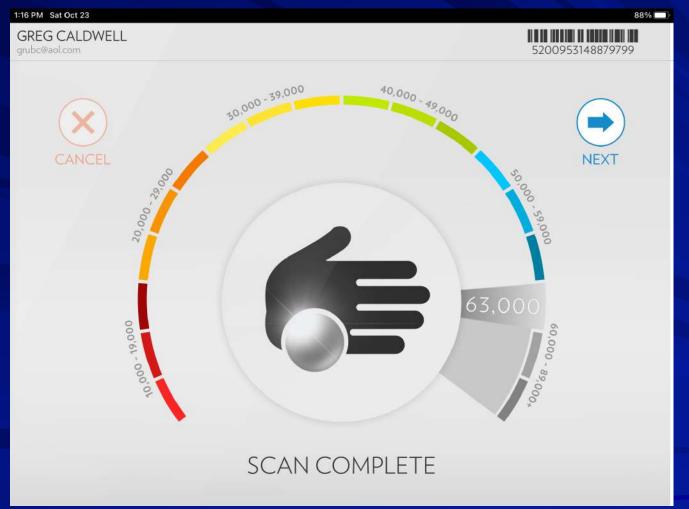
# Screen Everyone



# Carotenoid and Antioxidant Levels in Ocular Disease and Systemic Health

- Plenty of evidence that carotenoids are beneficial in ocular and systemic prevention
- A Patients are looking for guidance
  - **★** Many are on supplements
    - Surprised what they are doing is minimally helping
- A Measuring ensures the patient
- Antioxidants in the eye and body go beyond lutein and zeaxanthin
- A Best benefit of all...







# Thank You for This Opportunity

### & Do it for:

- \*Yourself
- \*Your family
- **\***Your staff
- **★**Your patients



# Questions

Thank you!

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